Financial Statement for the period ended 31st March 2023

Godavari Biorefineries B.V. Hoofddorp, The Netherlands

Address of the Company

Opaalian 1180, 2132 LN Hoofddorp,

The Netherlands

Chamber of Commerce

Amsterdam

File Number

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Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023 (Before appropriation of results)

	Notes	31-Mar-2023 EUR	31-Mar-2022 EUR
Non- current assets			
Tangible fixed assets	1	-	
		-	
Current assets			
Inventory	. 2	_	129,874
Receivables	3	647,917	548,545
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,774,053	696,157
		2,421,970	1,374,576
Short-term liabilities and accrued liabilities	5	921,707	183,287
Balance of current assets less short-term liabilities		1,500,263	1,191,289
Balance of assets less short-term liabilities		1,500,263	1,191,289
Shareholders' equity	6		
Issued & paid up capital		1,217,761	1,217,761
Share premium		9,999	9,999
Accumulated deficits		(36,471)	(619,908)
Result for the period		308,974	583,437
		1,500,263	1,191,289
Total Shareholders' equity		1,500,263	1,191,289

Profit and Loss account for the period 1st April 2022 to 31st March 2023

	Notes	2022-23	2021-22
	•	EUR	EUR
Revenue	7	6,776,561	5,951,411
Costs of goods	8	(6,098,087)	(5,110,173)
General and administrative expenses	9	(185,660)	(97,738)
Employment costs	10	(190,702)	(176,425)
Depreciation		-	(876)
Operating result	-	302,112	566,199
Finance income/ (costs)	11	6,862	17,147
Other income	12	-	92
Result before taxes	-	308,974	583,437
Taxation on result	13	-	-
Result after taxes	~	308,974	583,437

Notes to the financial statements

1 General

1.1 Operations

Godavari Biorefineries BV is a Dutch private company with limited liability incorporated on Jan 26, 2009 and has its statutory seat in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. The operations of the Company mainly comprised of commissions in the field of chemicals, alcohol, sugar and sugar products, agro products and related heavy chemicals, organic, bio-chemical and bio-technical products. The Company issues commission invoices to Godavari Biorefineries Ltd (ultimate parent company) for sales done by the ultimate parent company. The ultimate parent company is Godavari biorefineries Limited located in Mumbai, India

1.2 Changes in accounting policies

There are no change in accounting policies during the period April 2022 to March 2023.

1.3 Related-party transactions

All legal entities that can be controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced are considered to be a related party. Also, entities which can control the Company are considered as a related party. In addition, statutory directors, other key management of Godavari Biorefineries B.V. and close relatives are regarded as related parties.

Significant transactions with related parties are disclosed in the notes insofar as they are not transacted under normal market conditions. The nature, extent and other information is disclosed if this is required for to provide the true and fair view.

1.4 Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which is the basis for valuation and determination of results and assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The equity of the Company amounted to EUR 1,500,263.

2 Accounting policies for the balance sheet

2.1 General information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the statutory provisions of Part 9, Book 2, of the Dutch Civil Code and the Guidelines for Annual Reporting in the Netherlands for small legal entities as issued by the Dutch Accounting Standards Board.

In general, assets and liabilities are stated at the amounts at which they were acquired or incurred, or lower realizable value. If not specifically stated otherwise, they are recognized at the amounts at which they were acquired or incurred. The balance sheet and income statement include references to the notes.

2 Accounting policies for the balance sheet (continued...)

2.2 Foreign currencies

Functional currency

The financial statements are presented in euros, which is the functional and presentation currency of Godavari Biorefineries B.V.

Transactions, receivables and debts

Foreign currency transactions in the reporting period are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates are recognized in the Profit and Loss account.

2.3 Property, plant and equipment

Furniture and fixtures are valued at historical cost, less straight-line depreciation over their estimated useful lives and impairment losses.

2.4 Receivables

Trade receivables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at revalued figures. If payment of the receivable is postponed under an extended payment deadline, fair value is measured on the basis of the discounted value of the expected revenues. Interest gains are recognized using the effective interest method. A provision is raised when a trade receivable is considered uncollectable. It is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank balances and deposits held at call with maturities of less than 12 months. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at face value.

2.6 Inventories

Raw materials and consumables are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

Inventories of finished or partially finished goods are stated at the lower of manufacturing price and net realizable value. Manufacturing price comprises all purchase or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Conversion cost includes direct labour costs and mark-ups for fixed and variable production overheads, including costs of the production planning department, maintenance division and internal logistics.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses. Net realizable value is determined making allowance for obsolescence of inventories.

Inventory in transit can be specified as material ordered and shipped but not yet received by Godavari Biorefineries B.V. in the port of The Netherlands.

3 Accounting policies for the income statement

3.1 General information

Profit or loss is determined as the difference between the reliazable value of the goods delivered and services rendered, and the cost and other charges for the year. Revenues on transactions are recognised in the year in which they are reliazed.

3.2 Revenue recognition

Sale of goods

Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when all significant risk and rewards incidental to the ownership of the goods have been transferred to the buyer.

Sale of services

Revenue from sale of services is recognised under the percentage of completion method based on the services performed to the balance sheet date as a percentage of the total services to be performed.

3.3 Exchange differences

Exchange differences arising upon the settlement or conversion of monetary items are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period that they arise.

3.4 General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses comprise costs chargeable to the year that are not directly attributable to the cost of the goods sold.

3.5 Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives as from the inception of their use. Land and investment property are not depreciated. Future depreciation and amortisation is adjusted if there is a change in estimated future useful life.

Gains and losses on sales of property, plant and equipment are included in profit and loss account.

3.6 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages and social security contributions are taken to the profit and loss account based on the terms of employment, where they are due to employees.

3.7 Finance income and costs

Interest paid and received

Interest paid and received is recognized on a time-weighted basis, taking account of the effective interest rate of the assets and liabilities concerned.

3.8 Income tax expense

Income tax is calculated on the profit/loss before tax in the profit and loss account, taking into account any losses carried forward from previous financial years, tax-exempt items and non-deductible expenses.

4 Financial instruments and risk management

4.1 Price risk

Currency risk

Godavari Biorefineries B.V. mainly operates in the European Union. The currency risk for Godavari Biorefineries B.V. largely concerns positions and future transactions in US dollars. Management has determined, based on a risk assessment, that these currency risks need not to be hedged.

Interest rate and cash flow risk

Godavari Biorefineries B.V. incurs interest rate risk on receivables, cash and current liabilities.

4.2 Credit risk

Godavari Biorefineries B.V does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk. Sales are made to customers that meet the Company's credit rating. Goods and services are sold subject to payment deadlines ranging between eight and 30 days. A different payment period may apply to major supplies (90 days), in which case additional securities are demanded, including guarantees.

4.3 Liquidity risk

Godavari Biorefineries B.V uses several banks in order to avail itself of a range of overdraft facilities. Where necessary, further securities will be furnished to the bank for available overdraft facilities.

1	Property, plant and equipment				
	-			31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
	Furniture & fixtures-		_	Euro	Euro
	Cost price			-	11,503
	Accumulated depreciation			-	(10,626)
	Carrying amount		· -	-	876
	Purchase during the period			-	-
	Depreciation during the period			-	(876)
	Balance as at 31 March 2023		=	-	
	Furniture and fixtures are valued at hist	orical cost less straight-line d	epreciation over t	heir estimated use	ful lives.
2	Inventory				
	Goods in transit				120.074
			_		129,874 129,874
3	Receivables				
	Trade receivables			267,515	328,171
	Other receivables, prepayments and acc	rued income		380,402	220,374
				647,917	548,545
	All receivables. fall due in less than one	year. The fair value of the re	ceivables approxi	mates the book va	lue.
	Other receivables, prepayments and a	accrued income			
	Security deposits			1,029	1,029
	Prepayments and accrued income			3,589	4,909
	VAT			2,307	2,014
	C/a Cayuga Investments B.V			_	23,985
	Advance paid to supplier Other receivables			372,966	187,926
	Other receivables			511	511
			*****	380,402	220,374
4	Cash and cash equivalents				
	Rabo bank EUR			1,476,658	139,173
	Rabo bank USD	USD	323,417	297,395	556,984
			· _	1,774,053	696,157
	All bank balances are at the Company's f	ree disposal.			

5 Current liabilities	31-Mar-2023	31-Mar-2022
	Euro	Euro
Trade payables	762.560	1,445
Advance received from customer	•	,
Payroll liabilities	10.001	13,228
Othor dobto and accomple	18,201	17,660
· ·	37,334	18,404
Loan from Cayuga Investments B.V	99,632	131,400
Interest on loan from Cayuga	3,980	1,150
	921,707	183,287

All current liabilities fall due in less than one year. The fair value of the current liabilities approximates the book value due to its short-term character.

During the year 2021-22, the Company took a loan of ε 131,400 from Cayuga Investments B.V bearing interest at 1.5% + 3 Months EURIBOR p.a. The loan taken on 26 August 2021 is due to be repaid on 25 August 2023. In the period April -Mar 2023, the company has decided to net off the loan with CIBV current account amounting ε 31,767.73.

6 Shareholders' equity

The share capital consists of 1,217,761 ordinary shares of EUR 1 each.

The movements in the period under review can be summarised as follows:

	Issued & paid up share capital	Share premium	Other reserves	Result	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2022	1,217,761	9,999	(619,908)	583,437	1,191,289
Appropriation of result	-	-	583,437	(583,437)	-
Movement during the period		-	-	-	-
Result for the period	-	-	-	308,974	308,974
Balance as at 31 March 2023	1,217,761	9,999	(36,471)	308,974	1,500,263
Balance as at 1 April 2021 Movement during the year	1,217,761	9,999	(619,908)	-	607,852
Result for the year	-	· _	<u>-</u> -	583,437	- 583,437
Balance as at 31 March 2022	1,217,761	9,999	(619,908)	583,437	1,191,289

		2022-23	2021-22
		Euro	Euro
7	Revenue	6,776,561	5,951,411
	Revenue from sales:		
	Sales - NL	04.632	015 110
	Sales - EU	94,632 5,140,544	915,118
	Sales - Non EU	1,293,264	3,422,284
		6,528,439	1,387,134 5,724,535
	Revenue from commission:		
	Commissons - EU	102.000	
	Commissons - Non EU	103,977	49,270
	COMMISSION TON EO	<u>144,145</u> 248,122	177,605 226,875
0	Cost of goods cold		
8	Cost of goods sold	•	
	Goods purchase	(6,075,022)	(5,110,173)
	Import duties	(9,980)	-
	Other direct expenses	(13,086)	-
		(6,098,087)	(5,110,173)
9	General and administrative expenses		
	Audit fees	(3,120)	(3,000)
	Conference and seminar	(24,342)	(3,292)
	Contribution and subscriptions	(375)	(700)
	Commission expense	(59,211)	(41,412)
	Consultancy Fees	(3,150)	_
	Insurances general	(5,445)	(5,319)
	Management fees	(10,000)	(10,000)
	Office rent	(12,613)	(11,588)
	Office supplies	(572)	(71)
	Other general expenses	(2,686)	(3,414)
	Postage and courier	(124)	(194)
	Professional fees	(14,227)	(10,577)
	Rounding off	70	25
	Telephone and internet costs	(2,259)	(2,139)
	Business Promotion expenses	400.000	(960)
	Travel and accomodation	(29,614)	(5,097)
	REACH expenses	(17,994)	-
		(185,660)	(97,738)



		2022-23	2021-22
		Euro	Euro
10	Employment costs		
	Salaries and wages	(180,480)	(166,520)
	Social security contributions	(10,222)	(9,905)
		$\frac{(190,702)}{(190,702)}$	(176,425)
11	Finance income and costs		
	Bank charges		
	Foreign exchange differences	(4,280)	(4,381)
	Interest and similar expense	13,972	22,679
	increst and stillinar expense	(2,830)	(1,150)
		6,862	17,147
12	Other income		
	Other income		92
	,		92
13	Income tax expense		
	A profit was realized in the amount of EUR 309,871 during the period but is no income tax payable.	due to the compensable losses of pr	revious years there
	Profit/(loss) before tax	200.074	502.427
	Income tax expense	308,974	583,437
	meone tax expense	-	-
		308,974	583,437
14	Board of Directors' remuneration		
	Current board of directors	180,480	166,520
		180,480	166,520

The directors' remuneration includes periodically paid remuneration, such as salaries and holiday allowance.



Average number of employees

During the period only one employee is on the payroll.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events which may substantially effect the financial position of the Company and which are relevant to announce in the annual accounts have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Amsterdam, 9th May, 2023

S.G. Mokashi

Other information

Profit appropriation according to the Articles of Association

According to the Articles of Association the annual net profit is at free disposal of the annual shareholders meeting. Dividends can only be declared with due observance of the company's articles of association and to the extent that the company's capital exceeds the paid in and called up capital, increased by the reserves that must be maintained in accordance with the law or its articles of association.

Proposed profit appropriation

The profit for the period ended 31 March 2023 has been included under result for the period in shareholder's equity. The result for the year 2021-22 has been appropriated in the retained earnings.

Auditor's report

Based on article 2:396 section 6 of the Dutch Civil Code, the company is exempt from the obligation to have the annual accounts audited. However, the company has get its accounts audited voluntarily.

Ramdas & Partners

Registeraccountants en belastingadviseurs

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The shareholders of Godavari Biorefineries B.V.

A. Report on the audit of the financial statements 2022/2023 included in the annual report

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2023 of Godavari Biorefineries B.V. based in Hoofddorp.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Godavari Biorefineries B.V. for the period ended 31 March 2023 and of its result for the period 1 April 2022 up to and including 31 March 2023 in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

The financial statements comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 March 2023;
- the profit and loss account for the period 1 April 2022 up to and including 31 March 2023 and
- the notes comprising a summary of the accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for our opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report.

We are independent of Godavari Biorefineries B.V. in accordance with the Verordening inzake de onafhankelijkheid van accountants bij assurance-opdrachten (ViO, Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, a regulation with respect to independence) and other relevant independence regulations in the Netherlands. Furthermore we have complied with the Verordening gedrags- en beroepsregels accountants (VGBA, Dutch Code of Ethics).

Other matter paragraph

This auditor's report is intented solely for Godavari Biorefineries B.V. and shareholder's. This auditor's report is provided solely in the context of the Board of Directors and shareholder's and should therefore not be used for other purposes.

B. Report on the other information included in the annual report

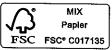
In addition to the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, the annual report contains other information that consists of:

other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code;

We were engaged to read the other information and, based on our knowledge and understanding to be obtained through our audit of the financial statements or otherwise, to consider whether the other information contains material misstatements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the other information, including the management report in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and other information as required by Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code.

By performing these procedures, we comply with the requirements of Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code and the Dutch Standard 720.



Ramdas & Partners

Registeraccountants en belastingadviseurs

C. Description of responsibilities regarding the financial statements

Responsibilities of management for the financial statements

The management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Part 9 of Book 2 of the Dutch Civil Code. Furthermore, the management is responsible for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

As part of the preparation of the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Based on the financial reporting framework mentioned, management should prepare the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Management should disclose events and circumstances that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern in the financial statements.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on conducting the audit in accordance with Dutch law, including the Dutch Standards on Auditing.

Our objective is to plan and perform the audit engagement in a manner that allows us to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence for our opinion.

Our audit has been performed with a high, but not absolute, level of assurance, which means we may not detect all material errors and fraud during our audit.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. The materiality affects the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures and the evaluation of the effect of identified misstatements on our opinion. We have exercised professional judgement and have maintained professional scepticism throughout the audit, in accordance with Dutch Standards on Auditing, ethical requirements and independence requirements.

For a further explanation of our responsibilities and audit procedures, we refer to the website of the NBA: Koninklijke Nederlandse Beroepsorganisatie van Accountants: http://www.nba.nl/ENG algemeen 01.

The Hague, 9th May 2023

AC Audil & Assurance B.V.

Ramdas & Partners

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drs. S. Ramdas RA

Initials for authentication purposes:

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